ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION
ENGIE RESOURCES LLC
PERIOD : Q2 2025

GENERATION PRICE

Average price per kWh at different levels of commercial and industrial use. Prices do not include regulated charges for customer service and delivery.

SMALL COMMERCIAL CUSTOMERS

Please refer to your specific contract/offer or contact ENGIE Resources at 1-866-693-6443. Your average generation price will vary according to how much electricity you use. Please refer to your most recent bill for your monthly use and the contract terms and conditions for actual prices.

CONTRACT

Minimum Length: Please refer to your specific contract/offer per your term length.

Contract Terms: Varies – Please see your specific contract terms.

POWER SOURCES

Demand for electricity from all ENGIE Resources' customers in the period 04/01/2025-06/30/2025 was met by generation from the following sources:

POWER SOURCES	KNOWN RESOURCES	SYSTEM POWER	TOTAL
Biogas	0.00	0.01027	0.01027
Biomass	0.00	0.00889	0.00889
Coal	0.00	0.10825	0.10825
Diesel	0.00	1.51022	1.51022
Digester Gas	0.00	0.11599	0.11599
Efficient Resource (Maine)	0.00	0.00000	0.00000
Air-Ground--Water-source heat pump	0.00	0.35761	0.35761
Fuel Cell / Energy Storage	0.00	1.11706	1.11706
Geothermal	0.00	0.00044	0.00044
Hydroelectric/Hydropower	0.00	8.69917	8.69917
Hydrokinetic	0.00	0.00087	0.00087
Jet	0.00	0.02402	0.02402
Landfill Gas	0.00	0.43751	0.43751
Liquid Biofuels	0.00	0.30095	0.30095
Municipal Solid Waste	0.00	0.44772	0.44772
Natural Gas	0.00	41.51697	41.51697
Nuclear	0.00	21.64616	21.64616
Oil	0.00	5.37881	5.37881
Solar Photovoltaic	0.00	11.01722	11.01722
Solar Thermal	0.00	0.00063	0.00063
Trash to Energy	0.00	1.72842	1.72842
Wind	0.00	3.42056	3.42056
Wood	0.00	0.72765	0.72765
		TOTAL	**100.00000**

AIR EMISSIONS

Carbon dioxide (CO_2), nitrogen oxide (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO_2) emission rates from these sources, relative to the regional average, and to

Regional Average through Q(2) (2025)

Co_2	651.26162
NO_x	0.51572
SO_2	0.20148

the emission rates of a new generating unit.	

Labor Information

Regional Average Generation Resource Labor Characteristics
January 1 through December 31, 2024, Provided by ISO New England Inc.

Generating Workforce	Output (mWh)	%
With union labor	26,404,220	23%
Without union labor	90,412,780	77%
TOTAL	**116,817,000**	**100%**

NOTES

1. Electricity customers in New England are served by an integrated power grid, not by particular generating units.
2. Renewable credits and/or alternative compliance purchased based on Massachusetts Renewable Portfolio Standards requirements.

For More Information: ENGIE Resources LLC (Toll-Free) at 1-866-693-6443; care@engieresources.com
Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities at 1-(617) 305-3500; http://www.mass.gov.

LABEL DESCRIPTION

Generation Price and Contract: For prices and contract terms, refer to your specific contract/offer. See your recent bills to determine average monthly use, and your Terms of Service for additional information.

Power Sources: The electricity you consume comes from the New England power grid, which receives power from a variety of power plants and transmits the power throughout the region as needed to meet the requirements of all customers in New England. When you choose a supplier, that supplier is responsible for generating and/or purchasing power added to the power grid in an amount equivalent to your electricity use. Known Resources include resources that are owned by, or under contract to, the supplier. System Power represents power purchased in the regional electricity market. Biomass refers to power plants that are fueled by wood or other plant matter. Hydro resources of greater than 30 megawatts in size are deemed “large hyrdro”. All other hydro resources are deemed “small hydro”. Other Renewable include fuel cells utilizing renewable fuel sources, landfill gas and ocean thermal.

Emissions: Emissions for each of the following pollutants are presented as a percent of the regional average emission rate. The arrow lines represent, for each pollutant, the emission rate for a hypothetical new generation facility.

Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) is released when fossil fuels (e.g. coal, oil and natural gas) are burned. Carbon dioxide, a greenhouse gas, is a major contributor to global warming. Nitrogen Oxide (NO_x) forms when fossil fuels and biomass are burned at high temperatures. They contribute to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog), and may cause respiratory illness in children with frequent high-level exposure. NO_x also contributes to oxygen deprivation of lakes and coastal waters which is destructive to fish and other animal life. Sulfur Dioxide (SO_2) is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned, primarily coal and oil. Major health effects associated with SO_2 include asthma, respiratory illness and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. SO_2 combines with water and oxygen in the atmosphere to form acid rain, which raises the acid level of lakes and streams, and accelerates the decay of building and monuments.

Labor Data: The information on this label regarding whether generators or suppliers operate under collective bargaining agreements is provided to inform you about whether the energy was produced in plants where employee wages and working conditions are mutually determined by employees and management, and protected by union contracts. The information on this label regarding the use of replacement employees during a labor dispute is provided to inform you of whether or not a generator or supplier during a strike by or lock-out of its employees has replaced them with other works.